

SUMMARY

Baranov V. A. Full text collection of Slavic Gospels of the project «Manuscript» and specialized tools for its layout: module of fragmentation

The article discusses the issues of creation and use of the specialized software for the analytical markup of the text corpus of the medieval Slavic manuscripts. The markup is a basis for the parallel corpus and electronic critical edition of the ancient manuscripts of the Gospels in the Internet.

Keywords: Internet, full text corpus, manuscripts, Gospel.

Batyrbayeva Sh. D., Sherbakova S. A., Zaynulin R. Sh., Ploskih V. V. Historical Computer Science in Kyrgyzstan: Experience of Implementation and Development Prospects

The article is devoted to the formation and development of Historical Computer Science in Kyrgyzstan, in particular, to the history of the formation of the laboratory of Historical Computer Science in Kyrgyz-Russian Slavic University (KRSU). The implementation of information technologies at KRSU and prospects of development of Historical Computer Science in Kyrgyzstan are regarded.

Keywords: Kyrgyzstan, Historical Computer Science, information technology, Internet, communication technologies, virtual world, Geoinformation technology, computer technologies in History.

Borodkin L. I., Garškova I. M. Historical Information Science: reboot?

The article analyses the latest trends in the development of Historical Information Science, i.e. the interdisciplinary area, based on the use of computer techniques and information technology in historical research and education. We consider the conceptual differences between Historical Information Science and its application field «Digital History», related to the implementation of modern digital technology in creation the professional historical resources and preservation of historical and cultural heritage.

Keywords: Historical Information Science, interdisciplinary research, analytical methods, electronic resources, «Digital History», trends of development.

Dobrova M. Research methods of users of digital libraries: contemporary state and prospects

The main methods for user studies in the digital library context are regarded. Such studies are still quite fragment and the user aspects related to the digital libraries mostly reflect the opinions of the resource developers. The article presents the case study from the recent study on the Stormont papers, the digital library of the documents from Parliament of Northern Ireland.

Keywords: digital collection, users, methods of study, axiology and influence of electronic resource, electronic resources on History, archives of Parliament of Northern Ireland.

Gagarina D. A., Kiryanov I. K., Kornienko S. I. History-oriented information systems: «Perm» project experience

On the basis of the projects realized in Perm State University the approaches to creation and implementation of history-oriented information systems are considered. The possibilities and limitations of different approaches are analysed. Special attention is paid to the systems with their special tools for scientific researches. The trends for using information systems in historical education are revealed.

Keywords: history-oriented information systems, source-oriented approach, problem-oriented approach, Historical Information Science, information-educational environment.

Glushaev A. L. Antireligious campaign of 1954: mobilization practice and daily life in the Molotov region

The present paper addresses the issues of the 1954 antireligious campaign in the Molotov region. The research of propagandistic measures against religious customs and festive culture of the Ural village proves antireligious propaganda to be a specific practice of people's mobilization. The campaign intensified mass antireligious attitudes, but, according to the author, religious repression and atheistic propaganda did not gain popular support. The «moderate» approach in the state-confessional relationships prevailed.

Keywords: antireligious propaganda, disciplinary practices, everyday religiosity, festive rural culture, ideological norm.

Grekova O. V. Tsar Alexei Mikhailovich in Russian Historiography of Nikolai's Time (1825–1855)

In the article an attempt is undertaken to investigate the major versions of the study of the period of the reign of the second Romanov in Russia's Historiography of Nikolai's time. The epoch of Alexei Mikhailovich was of great interest for professional historians, who regarded him as a central figure of the Moscow State of the XVIIIc.

Keywords: Historiography, Moscow State, reforms, power, public thought.

Khodin S. N., Balikina E. N., Lipnitskaya O. L., Popova E. E., Buzun D. N. Historical Information Science in Belarusian State University: state, problems and prospects

The problems of formation and development of the specialty «Historical Information Science» at the faculty of History in Belarusian State University are considered in the article.

Keywords: Historical Information Science, Association «History and Computer», higher historical education.

Klots A. R. 3rd International Social Science Summer School in the Ukraine «Soviet heritage, post-Soviet practice: politics, economy, daily life» (4–10 July 2011, Ostroh, Ukraine)

The article reviews presentations of the participants of the International Social Science Summer School devoted to the issue of «the Soviet» and «the post-Soviet» in Eastern Europe.

Keywords: Social Sciences, Soviet practice, post-Soviet practice, summer school.

Kozminikh E. S. Political and legal views of John Stuart Mill in perception of liberals of «Herald of Europe»

The political and legal ideas expressed by John Mill, the significant contributor to British liberalism, are critically analysed in the present work. Standing for individual rights and liberties and the constitutional state, Russian liberals regarded the problems of state and law in relation to ethic issues. They accepted John Mill's ideas devoted to the development of classical liberalism towards new (social) liberalism.

Keywords: British classical liberalism, Utilitarianism, morality, human rights and liberties, progressivism, social liberalism, representation, responsible government.

Kropač I. H. Experience of implementation of educational programs of Historical Information Science at Karl-Franzens University Graz (Austria)

In the article the approaches, organization and educational and technological bases of study of Historical Information Science for historians and culture specialists at basic educational levels are regarded. The main study courses are characterized in the aspect of their structure and content. Special attention is paid to Historical Information Science as a discipline studied by all students-historians and which is the specialized subject. The article is also devoted to the characteristics of Historical Information Science study within the international programme EuroMACHS.

Keywords: Historical Information Science, educational programmes on History, Bachelor programme, Master programme, curricula and modules, integration of subjects, programme EuroMACHS.

Leibovich O. L. «Fear is the restraint...»: Image of time in Vladimir Shlapentokh's theory

The article reconstructs the Russian-American sociologist V. Shlapentokh's views on the role of fear in the history of society. What motivates human actions: culturally determined value orientation or emotions caused by external forces? Disputes among sociologists determine the method of historical description.

Keywords: explanatory theory, humanitarian paradigm, emotions, fear, social order.

Loukianov M. N. Russian elite and revolution of 1917

The article reviews the book «Defenders of the Motherland: the Tsarist elite in revolutionary Russia» of the British historian M. Rendle, who analyses the reaction of the Russian elite to the revolution of 1917.

Keywords: elite, revolution of 1917, monarchy, Provisional government.

Obukhov L. A. Authorities and academics (from history of Perm University in 1917–1931)

The article is devoted to the relations between the authorities and academics during the first 15 years of the existence of Perm University under different political regimes: Provisional government, Supreme Governor, and Soviet Power. The focus is made on the process of «proletarianization» of the university and displacement of old professors, which ended in the large-scale «cleansing».

Keywords: Perm University, «reactionary professors», Ural RC, United State Political Administration.

Reznik A. V. The 1923 opposition in RCP (b) on Perm materials

The present article is based on unpublished sources and addresses the issues of the history of post-revolutionary political activities of the Russian Communist Party. On the example of the Perm party organization the author attempts to reconstruct the process of the intraparty struggle at the turn of 1923-1924, which, according to the author, was not reduced to the confrontation of Stalin and Trotsky within the central apparatus and leadership of the USSR, but also had grounds for masses and provinces.

Keywords: political history of the USSR, intraparty struggle in RCP (b), Left Opposition in 1923, Perm.

Shalygina D. L., Kulikov V. A. Propaganda poster of the Great Patriotic War as a means of Soviet identity formation

This research is an attempt to retrace the mechanism of construction and functioning of the Soviet identity in the visual propaganda of the USSR in the Soviet-German war. The research is based on the application of the content-analysis of such mass visual sources as propaganda posters. The formed data base enabled us to study the process of verbal and visual code functioning of the Soviet identity in the space of the poster and to raise the issue about the role of the visual propaganda in legitimation of the Soviet regime.

Keywords: propaganda poster, Soviet identity, image of the enemy, data base, database technology, computerized content analysis of images.

Shneyder K. I. Political program of Russian liberals in the middle of the XIX century

The article is an attempt to reconstruct the political vocabulary of early Russian liberalism. The author seeks to identify the political dominants in the mid-XIX-century Russian liberal field of thought production. Particular attention is paid to study of methods to adapt the classical liberal heritage in the Russian political space on the eve and during the Great Reforms.

Keywords: early Russian liberalism, political ideals, monarchy, revolution, democracy, freedom.

Vresk S. «Trojan horse» in socialist «camp»: the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia in 1957–1958

The article considers the conflict between the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia in 1957-1958 caused by different understanding of the principles of relations between socialist states by the Soviet and Yugoslav leaderships. The Soviet Union failed to force Yugoslavia to join the Soviet bloc due to Yugoslavia's position outside the bloc and search for its own way in organizing the social regime. Yugoslavia's split with the Soviets meant a political and economic blockade and severe anti-Yugoslav campaign.

Keywords: the Soviet Union, Yugoslavia, foreign policy, relations between socialist states.

Yermoshko A. G. Change in social image of the studentship of Petrograd / Leningrad University in the first years of Soviet Power (1917–1925)

The article is devoted to the study of the social image of the studentship of Petrograd / Leningrad University in the first years of the Soviet power. Based on the university statistics an attempt was undertaken to determine the number and social class of the students in the period under consideration as well as to identify their change depending on the government policy. Special attention was paid to economic and living conditions of the students.

Keywords: University, studentship, social image, «cleansing», economic and living conditions.

Yumasheva Ju. Yu. Future archives begin today

In the article the prospects of archiving in the Russian Federation in their determination by the transition to the electronic document circulation are considered.

Keywords: archives, electronic document, document circulation.

Zherebyatiev D. I. Interdisciplinary interaction in virtual reconstruction of the monastery complex

The article considers the interdisciplinary interaction of researchers, methodology and technology development of the virtual reconstruction of the monastery complex of the Moscow nunnery «All of Joy Sorrow» built at the end of the 19th – beginning of the 20th century.

Keywords: nunnery «All of Joy Sorrow», nunnery development, virtual online reconstruction, data base.